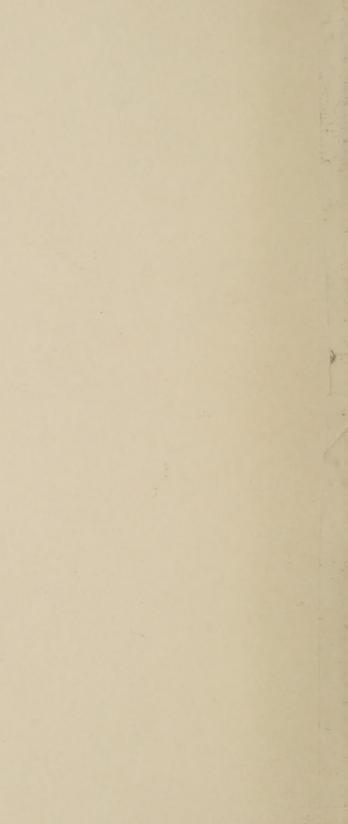
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

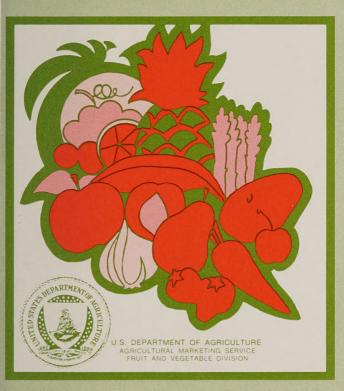


Reserve aSB349 .C64

COLOR CLASSIFICATION REQUIREMENTS IN

TATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF FRESH

TOMATOES





COLOR CLASSIFICATION REQUIREMENTS IN

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF FRESH

TOMATOES

United Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Association

in cooperation with
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Agricultural Marketing Service
Fruit and Vegetable Division

U.S.D.A. Visual Aid TM-L-1; February '75 The John Henry Company P.O. Box 17099, Lansing, Mich. 48901-7099



























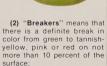
(1) "Green" means that the

surface of the tomato is com-

pletely green in color. The

shade of green color may vary

from light to dark;





(3) "Turning" means that more than 10 percent but not more than 30 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows a definite change in color from green to tannish-yellow, pink, red, or a combination thereof:



(4) "Pink" means that more than 30 percent but not more than 60 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows pink or red color;



(5) "Light red" means that more than 60 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows pinkish-red or red. "Pro-vided, That not more than 90 percent of the surface is red color; and



(6) "Red" means that more than 90 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows red color.

The above photographs are only guides illustrating the shade and percentage of surface color specified for each of the color terms. These photographs do not necessarily depict absolute limits of minimum or maximum shades and/or percentage of color required for each term.



Color Classification § 51.1860 Color classification.

(a) The following terms may be used, when specified in connection with the grade statement, in describing the color as an indication of the stage of ripeness of any lot of mature tomatoes of a red fleshed variety:

(1) "Green" means that the surface of the tomato is completely green in color. The shade of green color may

vary from light to dark;

(2) "Breakers" means that there is a definite break in color from green to tannish-yellow, pink or red on not more than 10 percent of the surface;

(3) "Turning" means that more than 10 percent but not more than 30 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows a definite change in color from green to tannish-yellow, pink, red, or a combination thereof;

(4) "Pink" means that more than 30 percent but not more than 60 percent of the surface, in the aggregate,

shows pink or red color;

(5) "Light red" means that more than 60 percent of the surface, in the aggregate, shows pinkish-red or red: *Provided*, That not more than 90 percent of the surface is red color; and,

(6) "Red" means that more than 90 percent of the sur-

face, in the aggregate, shows red color.

(b) Any lot of tomatoes which does not meet the requirements of any of the above color designations may be designated as "Mixed Color".

(c) For tolerances see § 51.1861.

(d) Tomato color standards U.S.D.A. Visual Aid TM-L-1 consists of a chart containing twelve color photographs illustrating the color classification requirements, as set forth in this section. This visual aid may be examined in the Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, U. S. Department of Agriculture, South Building, Washington, D. C. 20250; in any field office of the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Inspection Service; or upon request of any authorized inspector of such Service. Duplicates of this visual aid may be purchased from The John Henry Co., Post Office Box 1410, Lansing, MI. 48904

Excerpt from U. S. Standards for Grades of Fresh Tomatoes [CFR 51.1855-51.1877] Effective December 1, 1973 [38 F.R. 23931] Sec. 51.1860 amended February 1, 1975 [40 F.R. 2791]



